

## CRIMINAL JUSTICE PERFORMANCE MEASURES

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### GOAL 1: Promote efficiency and continuity in the criminal justice process

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- OBJECTIVE:** Improve timeliness and efficiency of processes and procedures  
**MEASURE:** Age of pending caseload by court and case type
- OBJECTIVE:** Ensure appropriate pre-trial duration and detention  
**MEASURE:** Pretrial detainee length of stay
- OBJECTIVE:** Improve the quality of presented cases  
**MEASURE:** Felony charges accepted for prosecution  
**MEASURE:** Felony charges resulting in conviction

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### GOAL 2: Ensure equal access to impartial justice

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- OBJECTIVE:** Ensure quality of service delivery to all community members  
**MEASURE:** Police response time by priority area level
- OBJECTIVE:** Ensure integrity of criminal justice procedures  
**MEASURE:** Dispositions of like offenders

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### GOAL 3: Ensure safer communities

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- OBJECTIVE:** Reduce violent crime  
**MEASURE:** Gun-related felonies  
**MEASURE:** Murder rate
- OBJECTIVE:** Reduce citizen fear of crime  
**MEASURE:** Public perception of safety
- OBJECTIVE:** Reduce recidivism  
**MEASURE:** One-year re-arrest rate  
**MEASURE:** Three-year re-arrest rate

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### GOAL 4: Promote collaboration and integrated systems across agencies

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- OBJECTIVE:** Enhance access to timely and accurately integrated information systems  
**MEASURE:** *(Pending strategic plan)*
- OBJECTIVE:** Promote data-driven grant-making decisions for criminal justice programs  
**MEASURE:** Grant funds allocated to proposals that provide specific measurable outcomes
- OBJECTIVE:** Improve Criminal Justice Council effectiveness in promoting cross-agency collaboration and coordination  
**MEASURE:** National Institute of Corrections CJCC Self-Evaluation Questionnaire

## DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES

**Age of pending caseload by court and case type**—the age of active cases pending before the court, measured as the number of days from arrest until the time of measurement

**Dispositions of like offenders**—case dispositions disaggregated by like offenders according to offender criminal history

**Felony charges accepted for prosecution**- percent of total felony arrest charges accepted by the District Attorney for prosecution

**Felony charges resulting in conviction**—percent of total felony charges resulting in conviction

**Grant funds allocated to proposals that provide specific measurable outcomes**—percent of grant allocations that are made to applications that have specific measurable outcomes

**Gun-related felonies**—percent of total felony cases that involve firearms charges

**Murder rate**—number of murders per 100,000 citizens

**National Institute of Corrections CJCC Self-Evaluation Questionnaire** – an eleven-question survey that measures the health of a criminal justice coordinating council published in the National Institute of Corrections' *Guidelines for Developing a Criminal Justice Coordinating Committee*

**One-year re-arrest rate**—percent of people convicted who are re-arrested within a year of release

**Police response time by priority area level**—average time between when call is received and when police arrive at crime scene, disaggregated by call location

**Pretrial detainee length of stay**—the average length of stay for detainees in a pretrial, non-sentencing status

**Public perception of safety**—index of citizen survey questions on public perceptions safety

**Three-year re-arrest rate**— percent of people convicted who are re-arrested within three years of release