



Restrictions on Carrying Concealed Firearms

- Can't carry under the influence of alcohol or a CDS (40:1379.3 (I)(1))
- Officers can request submission to a chemical test (40:1379.3 (I)(2))
 - Refusal to submit allows to an officer to seize the firearm (under 40:1379.3(I)(2) or 40:1382)
- Can't carry in an ABO (14:95.5)
 - Permit holders can carry in a restaurant (Permit-less carriers cannot)
- Can't carry in a firearm-free zone (including places designated in 40:1379.3, 14:95.2, or 14:95.6). Which means no carrying firearms in the following areas:
 - Within one thousand feet of any school campus
 - Permit holders can carry within 1000 feet of a school (Permit-less carriers cannot (14:95.2 (D))
 - In a school bus or on any school campus
 - At a school sponsored functions (extracurricular, sports, dances)
 - A law enforcement office, station, or building.
 - At a detention facility, prison or jail.
 - In a courthouse or courtroom (The judge can carry in their courtroom)
 - Polling places.
 - Municipal buildings or public buildings if used as a meeting place of the governing body or a subdivision.
 - The state capitol building.
 - Airports except as allowed for transport by law.
 - Any church, synagogue, mosque, or other similar place of worship, eligible for qualification as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C. 501, unless authorized by the person who has authority over the administration of the church, synagogue, mosque, or other similar place of worship.
 - A parade or demonstration for which a permit is issued by a governmental entity.
 - Any portion of the permitted area of an establishment that has been granted a Class A-General retail permit, as defined in Part II of Chapter 1 or Part II of Chapter 2 of Title 26 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises.



Requirements of Individuals Carrying Concealed Firearms

If an individual carrying a concealed firearm (with or without a permit) is approached by police in an official capacity (i.e., more than a consensual encounter) they shall:

- **Notify** any police officer who approaches the permittee in an official manner or with an identified official purpose that he has a weapon on his person,
- **Submit to a pat down**, and
- Allow the officer to **temporarily disarm** him.

Negligent Carrying Standards

RS 40:1382 – Negligent Carrying of a Concealed handgun

Negligent carrying of a handgun (with or without a permit) under the following circumstances:

- (1) When it is foreseeable that the handgun may discharge, or when others are placed in reasonable apprehension that the handgun may discharge.
- (2) When the handgun is being carried, brandished, or displayed under circumstances that create a reasonable apprehension on the part of members of the public or a law enforcement official that a crime is being committed or is about to be committed.